

Appendix A: Traffic Study

Available online at www.southveteransparkway.com

Technical Memo

Date:	Monday, July 18, 2022
Project:	South Veterans Parkway
To:	SDDOT and City of Sioux Falls
From:	HDR

Subject: Traffic Design (Revised)

Introduction

The purpose of this memo is to document the traffic forecasting and analysis process towards the identification of intersection and corridor design along Veterans Parkway (previously referred to as SD100). This memo presents traffic elements to be used in the South Veterans Parkway (I-29 to 57th Street) design:

- 2026 and 2050 Build condition daily and peak hour traffic volumes
- Traffic design analysis at locations being modified as part of the Veterans Parkway
 - Number of lanes along Veterans Parkway
 - Intersection lane configurations
 - Intersection queue lengths
 - Intersection level of service (LOS)

Findings from this memo are meant to guide design, not dictate design. There may be locations where it is infeasible to incorporate this memo's findings to the full extent. Further, with the Veterans Parkway corridor traversing through a developing area with tiered growth planned over the next 25 plus years, there may be locations where these findings might be used to guide future improvements as part of development if it comes to fruition.

Background

A series of studies and supplemental analyses was conducted between 2011 and 2014 that established the framework for the planned Veterans Parkway corridor. All intersection locations and access breaks have been pre-determined through the previous *SD100 Corridor Preservation* project. Since that time, Veterans Parkway has been constructed between I-90 and 57th Street along the east side of Sioux Falls. This project completes Veterans Parkway by connecting I-29 to 57th Street along the south side of Sioux Falls.

Study Area

The South Veterans Parkway corridor study area extends from the I-29 Exit 73 interchange to the Veterans Parkway/SD11/57th Street intersection in eastern Sioux Falls, SD. It is anticipated this corridor will be constructed in four phases.

Veterans Parkway crossroads are incorporated into the design analysis to analyze City of Sioux Falls Capital Improvement Program (CIP) segment/intersection improvements and provide boundary intersections that feed traffic volumes into analysis intersections in the traffic analysis models.

A summary of phasing and City of Sioux Falls CIP projects is shown Figure 1.



Figure 1: South Veterans Parkway Phasing and City of Sioux Falls CIP Projects

Traffic Forecasts

The traffic forecast process following methodology presented in the Methods and Assumptions document.

Existing volumes were based on traffic counts collected by City of Sioux Falls, SDDOT, Lincoln County, and HDR. All existing volumes were factored to a September design season during the forecasting process.

Traffic forecasts help assess future-year capacity and operational needs throughout the study area due to growth in traffic demand and/or changes in traffic patterns. For this study, forecast years include:



- 2026: First Segment Year of Construction
- 2050: Planning Horizon

The traffic forecast development process followed methodologies outlined in *NCHRP 765: Analytical Travel Forecasting Approaches for Project-Level Planning and Design.* The Sioux Falls Metropolitan Planning Organization travel demand model (TDM) was the source of growth rates, based on the following model scenarios:

- 2018: TDM base year
- 2045: TDM planning horizon

Where there were gaps in the model's estimation of future development, developmentgenerated traffic was assigned to the network based on an estimation of future development occurring within the planning horizon.

Year 2050 traffic volumes were derived by extrapolating straight-line growth between the TDM 2018 base year and 2045 horizon year. For the new Veterans Parkway segments, growth was estimated at approximately four percent annually (straight-line) between 2045 and 2050 (equivalent growth factor of approximately 1.2). Veterans Parkway and crossroad volumes within the City of Sioux Falls Tier 3 growth area were further post-processed to account for the area's growth not beginning until the latter stages of the planning horizon.

Year 2026 volumes were developed interpolating straight-line growth between the 2045 Planning Horizon scenario and a 2018 base year scenario with Veterans Parkway to account for the immediate change in traffic patterns upon opening of Veterans Parkway.

Peak hour intersection turning movement volumes were smoothed and balanced throughout the study corridor for all volume sets. Heavy vehicle percentages in future-year volume sets are based on collected vehicle classification counts or TDM output.

A summary of 2026 and 2050 Veterans Parkway corridor daily volumes are shown in Figure 2.

2050 Planning Horizon daily and peak hour traffic volumes are provided in the following figures:

- Figure 3: 2050 Planning Horizon Build Condition Volumes (Veterans Parkway)
- Figure 4: 2050 Planning Horizon Build Condition Volumes (PCN 01V9)
- Figure 5: 2050 Planning Horizon Build Condition Volumes (PCN 01V6)
- Figure 6: 2050 Planning Horizon Build Condition Volumes (PCN 01V7 and 01VA)

Year 2026 peak hour traffic volumes are provided in the traffic operations analysis results in **Appendix C**.





FIGURE 2 SOUTH VETERANS PARKWAY TRAFFIC DESIGN ANALYSIS

YEAR 2026 AND 2050 **VETERANS PARKWAY DAILY TRAFFIC VOLUME SUMMARY**





Year 2050 Daily Volumes

Version 2 - 1/28/2022

Year 2026 Daily Volumes







2050 PLANNING HORIZON BUILD CONDITION VOLUMES (VETERANS PARKWAY) FIGURE 3

SOUTH VETERANS PARKWAY TRAFFIC DESIGN ANALYSIS



2050 PLANNING HORIZON BUILD FIGURE 4 SOUTH VETERANS PARKWAY TRAFFIC DESIGN ANALYSIS



SIOUX FALLS

Federal Highwa

FIGURE 5

SOUTH VETERANS PARKWAY TRAFFIC DESIGN ANALYSIS





Comparison to 2013 SD100 Traffic Analysis Volumes

Figure 7 provides a comparison of future-year Veterans Parkway segment volumes between the 2013 *SD100 Traffic Analysis* and this study's forecasts. In both analyses, the planning horizon reflects Year 2050.

Overall, the 2050 Planning Horizon volumes are of similar magnitude from around Minnesota Avenue and west. This study's forecasts show a decrease in volumes, of varying magnitude, between Minnesota Avenue and 57th Street.

Considerations regarding these differences are summarized as follows:

- In the current TDM, Veterans Parkway volumes are greatest in the areas where development is built out in the TDM and trips have a local origin or destination that uses Veterans Parkway.
- In the current TDM, there are notable drops in volumes between Minnesota Avenue and 57th Street due to a combination of the following contributing factors:
 - Area surrounding these segments of Veterans Parkway reflects a considerable amount of land in the City of Sioux Falls' Tier 3 growth area
 - Tier 3 growth areas are anticipated to begin development towards the end of the TDM's 2045 planning horizon
 - There are fewer local trip origins/destinations along these segments when compared to segments west of Minnesota Avenue
 - It would be expected local traffic volumes using Veterans Parkway would see notable increases when this area develops, whether that is outside of this study's planning horizon or earlier due to accelerated development in the area
 - In the current TDM, regional through movement traffic (i.e., I-29 to I-90 movements) along Veterans Parkway is less when compared to previous versions due to improved origin-destination data and TDM methodology
- Since the 2011-2014 traffic analyses, there has been considerable update and continued improvement through multiple TDM iterations, including input data (i.e., traffic volumes, origin-destination data), definition of tiered growth areas, methodology, and constrained transportation projects included in the future-year scenarios



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47,000

45,000

11

SOUTH VETERANS PARKWAY TRAFFIC DESIGN ANALYSIS

2050 PLANNING HORIZON DAILY **TRAFFIC VOLUME COMPARISON**



20,000

2011-2014 SD100 Corridor Preservation Traffic Studies Year 2050 Daily Volumes



South Veterans Parkway Design Analysis Year 2050 Daily Volumes

TRAFFIC LEGEND

Version 2 - 1/28/2022

FIGURE 7

Traffic Analysis Methodology

Operational performance of highways is evaluated in terms of quality of service, which describes how well a transportation facility operates from a traveler's perspective. Quality of service is typically measured with 'Level of Service' (LOS), which is presented by a letter grade similar to those used in school. A summary of LOS measures for different roadway facilities pertinent to this study are provided in Figure 8.

	Unsignalized Intersection	Signalized Intersection		
А	Queuing is rare Intersection Control Delay: ≤10 seconds/vehicle	Very minimal queuing; excellent corridor progression and/ or short cycle lengths Intersection Control Delay: ≤10 seconds/vehicle	8 0 0	
в	Occasional queuing Intersection Control Delay: >10-15 seconds/vehicle	Some queuing; good corridor progression and/or short cycle lengths Intersection Control Delay: >10-20 seconds/vehicle	0101 0101 0	
с	Regular queuing Intersection Control Delay: >15-25 seconds/vehicle	Regular queuing; not all demand may be serviced on some cycles (cycle failure) Intersection Control Delay: >20-35 seconds/vehicle	8 80 80 8	Levels Designation
D	Queue lengths increased Intersection Control Delay: >25–35 seconds/vehicle	Queue lengths increased; routine cycle failures Intersection Control Delay: >35–55 seconds/vehicle		Scale: LOS is presented through a familiar A to F scale, where "A" means
E	Significant queuing Intersection Control Delay: >35-50 seconds/vehicle	Long queues, congested conditions; majority of cycles fail Intersection Control Delay: >55-80 seconds/vehicle		the best operating con- dition and "F" the worst.
F	Volume to capacity ratio approaches 1.0; very long queues Intersection Control Delay: >50 seconds/vehicle	Volume to capacity ratio near 1.0; very long queues, almost all cycles fail Intersection Control Delay: >80 seconds/vehicle	80 10 10 10 10 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	of the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM6) LOS Definitions: SDDOT Road Design Manual and HCM6

Note: Unsignalized intersection control delay shown in figure for overall (or weighted) intersection delay. Two-way stop-control delay (TWSC) is measured from the worst-case stop-controlled approach with the same average delay (seconds/vehicle) thresholds.

Figure 8: LOS Descriptions

Peak hour LOS is calculated for study area intersections and roadway segments using Synchro version 11 and methodology described in the 6th Edition of the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM6). Traffic operations at the I-29 Exit 73 Single Point Interchange were also measured through Highway Capacity Software (HCS7). LOS measures and minimum allowable LOS used in this analysis are presented in Table 1 and Table 2, respectively. Overarching guidelines for methodology and assumptions used in this analysis are documented in the Methods and Assumptions memo attached in Appendix A.



Table 1: Level of Service Measures

Roadway Feature	LOS Measure	Supporting Measures
Intersections	Total (overall) intersection delay	 95th percentile queues Individual movement delay TWSC intersections: worst-case stop-control delay
Urban Street Segments	Travel speed as a percentage of base free flow speed	Travel time

Table 2: Minimum Allowable Level of Service by Facility

Roadway Feature	Minimum Allowable LOS	Notes
Signalized Intersections	LOS D	Individual movements allowed to operate at LOS E Individual movements will not be allowed to operate with a v/c ratio > 1.0 Queue storage ratio will not be allowed to exceed 1.0 for any movements
Unsignalized Intersections	LOS D	TWSC, AWSC, and roundabouts LOS based on weighted average intersection delay Worst-cast stop-controlled (WCSC) approach delay and LOS may be lower than the minimum allowable LOS. WCSC LOS F will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.
I-29 Exit 73 SPI	LOS C	Individual movements allowed to operate at LOS D Individual movements will not be allowed to operate with a v/c ratio > 1.0 Queue storage ratio will not be allowed to exceed 1.0 for any movements
Urban Street Segments	LOS C	Average travel speed and travel time will be obtained from Synchro output

Traffic Analysis

Recommended intersection lane configurations and traffic control to meet analysis LOS goals for Veterans Parkway intersections and select City of Sioux Falls intersections impacted by the planned CIP projects are presented in **Figure 9 through Figure 26**, which includes:

- 2050 peak hour intersection traffic volumes
- 2026 and 2050 intersection LOS
- Recommended lane configuration and HCM6-measured queue lengths

Year 2050 and Year 2026 HCM6 output sheets are provided in **Appendix B and C**, respectively.

Investigation of alternative intersection designs, modifications to recommended intersection configurations, or traffic control or turn lane year of need estimation will be addressed through supplemental memos.

There are instances at Veterans Parkway intersections with local arterials (Louise Avenue, Western Avenue, Minnesota Avenue, etc.) where volumes may not necessitate turn lane(s) based strictly on volume and operational need. However, Veterans Parkway consistency was



important to the design team at these major intersections from driver expectancy, safety, and operational efficiency perspectives.

- Veterans Parkway left turn lanes: all eastbound/westbound Veterans Parkway left turn lanes analyzed as protected-only phasing due to an anticipated 55 mph speed limit. Dual left turn lanes, when compared to a single left turn lane running protected-only phasing, clears left turning traffic quicker and thus can devote more green time to the prioritized, high-volume eastbound/westbound Veterans Parkway through traffic.
- Veterans Parkway right turn lanes: right turn lanes were incorporated for eastbound/westbound Veterans Parkway travel at major intersections to remove tuning traffic from the high-speed, high-volume through lanes. This is a benefit to both intersections operations and safety and establishes consistency of the presence of a right turn lane from one intersection to the next along the corridor.

The Veterans Parkway corridor was also reviewed from a facility basis to better understand travel time between I-29 and 57th Street and the associated average speed. The average speed was then compared to HCM6 urban arterial street segment measures to assign a LOS. As shown in the following table, the various time periods typically reflect LOS B or better. The two LOS C measures were within 0.4 mph (AM westbound) and 0.1 mph (PM westbound) of LOS B thresholds.

Analysis Period	Direction of Travel	Travel Time	Average Speed (mph)	HCM6 LOS
2050 – AM	Eastbound	12 min 54 sec	39.8	В
2050 – Alvi	Westbound	14 min 2 sec	36.6	С
	Eastbound	13 min 43 sec	37.4	В
2050 - PM	Westbound	13 min 55 sec	36.9	С
2026 – AM	Eastbound	11 min 54 sec	43.1	В
2026 – AM	Westbound	12 min 38 sec	43.2	В
0000 014	Eastbound	11 min 55 sec	43.1	В
2026 - PM	Westbound	12 min 40 sec	43.1	В

Table 3: Veterans Parkway Facility Analysis Summary (I-29 to/from 57th Street)

HCM6 LOS based on Exhibit 16-3 (page 16-8); LOS travel speed thresholds: A > 44 mph, B > 37 mph, C > 28 mph





































Local Crossroad Termini Intersections

Year 2050 AM and PM peak hour traffic forecast were developed for the next major arterial (typically section line road) intersection adjacent to Veterans Parkway to establish a terminus of potential crossroad corridor improvements. A summary of these findings is shown in **Table 4 through Table 8**, organized by what PCN each Veterans Parkway crossroad falls within.

Table legend notes:

- **2050 Intersection LOS:** AM and PM peak hour intersection operations based on analyzed intersection configuration and forecasted traffic volumes
- Intersection Part of Veterans Parkway Local Arterial Improvement?: answers whether the intersection is part of a City of Sioux Falls Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) project extending away from a Veterans Parkway intersection
 - **Yes:** intersection is part of a City of Sioux Falls CIP project extending from the Veterans Parkway corridor
 - **No:** intersection is not part of a City of Sioux Falls CIP project extending from the Veterans Parkway corridor, but may be part of a different CIP project or study
- Next steps, timeline, and notes for addressing identified needs: summary of next steps, timeline, and other pertinent information to help gauge if and when improvements may be implemented
 - **Project or Study & Years:** identifies the planned project or study to address improvement needs and timeline
 - Notes: includes pertinent information to the intersection, such as project or study description, existing conditions, long-range planning recommendations, City of Sioux Falls growth tier for the respective area (see Figure 27), and the analyzed intersection configuration

Documents referenced in the tables can be found here:

City of Sioux Falls Growth Management Plan (2022 Tier Map Amendment) (see **Figure 27**): <u>https://www.siouxfalls.org/planning-dev/planning/comp-plan</u>

Go Sioux Falls 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan: <u>https://siouxfallsmpo.org/resources/2045-long-range-transportation-plan/</u>

2019 Lincoln County Master Transportation Plan: https://dot.sd.gov/media/documents/SDDOT_LincolnCountyMTP_FinalReport_20191118.pdf





https://www.siouxfalls.org/planning-dev/planning/comp-plan

Figure 27: City of Sioux Falls Growth Management Plan for Roads and Water (2022 Tier Map Amendment)

Overall, long-rang needs at the analysis corridor termini intersections are being addressed through planned projects, studies, and a clearly defined tiered growth area based on serviceability of utilities. As shown in the tables, the more immediate intersection and corridor needs, generally north of Veterans Parkway, are being addressed through planned City of Sioux Falls CIP projects. Mid-range needs, generally along the 271st Street (CR106) corridor, are being addressed through the *Lincoln County Highway 106 Corridor Study* that began in 2022. Long-range needs in the rural and/or Tier 3 growth areas have been identified and are being planned for through the City of Sioux Falls Growth Management Plan and *Go Sioux Falls 2045 LRTP*.

It is important to note that the Sioux Falls MPO TDM used to develop future-year volumes reflects the fiscally constrained *Go Sioux Falls 2045 LRTP* prioritized list of projects. There are certain corridors, such as Sycamore Avenue and Southeastern Avenue, where several factors need to align before the future traffic demand shown in the TDM is realized. This includes paving several miles of gravel roads, development in the City of Sioux Falls Tier 3 growth area that requires significant investment in utilities to be able to service the area, and development. Without even one of these factors, traffic demand will be limited along these rural segments.

 Table 4: PCN 01V9 Local Crossroad Corridor Intersection Termini (Tallgrass Avenue and Louise Avenue)

Local	Local Crossroad Corridor)50 tion LOS	Intersection Part of Veterans Parkway	Next steps, timeline, and notes for addressing long		
Corridor	Intersecting Road	Corridor Terminus	АМ	РМ	Local Arterial Improvement?	Project or Study & Year(s)	Not	
Tallgrass	85 th Street	North	D	D	No	<u>Study</u> Proposed 85 th Street Improvements: Sundowner to Louise Avenue Environmental Assessment <u>Project</u> 85 th Street and Tallgrass Avenue (CIP 11006) 2023-2025	 <u>CIP 11006 Project Description</u> Reconstruct 85th St (tie into existing multilane seplanned I-29 & 85th St interchange) Reconstruct Tallgrass Ave (tie into existing multi Veterans Parkway) <u>Analyzed Intersection Configuration</u> Reflects the intersection configuration presented <i>Improvements: Sundowner to Louise Avenue Enterprovements: Planned configuration (CIP 11</i>) 	
Avenue	272 nd Street	South	В	A	No	No project or study identified	 <u>Existing Conditions</u> Gravel road intersection Future development will drive reconstruction need Louise Ave provides ample north/south capacity Environmental (wetland/drainage) challenges for <u>Analyzed Intersection Configuration</u> Existing intersection configuration (single-lane a meets LOS goals Paved roadway surfacing likely needed before configuration 	
	85 th Street	North	D	D	No	<u>Project</u> 85 th Street (CIP 11006) 2024	 <u>CIP 11006 Project Description</u> Construct south ½ urban section and build-out in No modifications planned to north, south, and w <u>Analyzed intersection: planned configuration (CIP 11</u>) 	
Louise Avenue	271⁵t Street (CR106)	South	A	A	No	<u>Study</u> CR106 Corridor Study 2022-2023	 Existing single-lane roundabout meets LOS goals <u>Study Description</u> Sioux Falls MPO corridor study to determine lon approaches and timeline Analyzed intersection: existing configuration 	

ong-range intersection needs otes section east of Tallgrass Ave and reconstruct west to Itilane section at 74th St and reconstruct south to ed and analyzed as part of the *Proposed 85th Street* Environmental Assessment 11006) eed ity for area traffic for development in immediate area approaches and TWSC from east/west approaches) change in intersection control and lane configuration t intersections (Louise Ave to Western Ave) west legs of intersection 11006) ong-range improvements to east/west intersection

Table 5: PCN 01V6 Local Crossroad Corridor Intersection Termini (Western Avenue, Minnesota Avenue, and Cliff Avenue)

Local	Local Crossroad Corridor			2050 Intersection LOS		Next steps, timeline, and notes for addressing lon		
Corridor	Intersecting Road	Corridor Terminus	АМ	РМ	Local Arterial Improvement?	Project or Study & Year(s)	No	
	85 th Street	North	D	С	No	<u>Project</u> 85 th Street (CIP 11006) 2023-2025	 <u>CIP 11006 Project Description</u> Construct south ½ urban section and build-out i Signalize intersection Analyzed intersection: planned configuration (CIP 12) 	
Western Avenue	271 st Street (CR106)	South	В	В	No	<u>Study</u> CR106 Corridor Study 2022-2023	 <u>Corridor Study Description</u> Sioux Falls MPO corridor study to determine lor <u>Long-range Intersection Configuration</u> 	
	85 th Street	North	D	D	No	n/a	Existing intersection configuration meets LOS D goa Analyzed intersection: existing configuration	
Minnesota Avenue (SD115)	271 st Street (CR106)	South	С	С	No	<u>Study</u> CR106 Corridor Study 2022-2023	 <u>Corridor Study Description</u> Sioux Falls MPO corridor study to determine lon approaches and timeline <u>Previous Project</u> SD115 recently reconstructed, north/south legs Analyzed intersection: existing configuration with easily 	
	69 th Street	North	D	D	No	n/a	Existing intersection configuration meets LOS D goa Analyzed intersection: existing configuration	
Cliff Avenue	85 th Street	South	С	с	No	<u>Project</u> 85 th Street (CIP 11006) 2023	 <u>CIP 11006 Project Description</u> Reconstruction of 85th St and Cliff Ave intersection Extend Cliff Ave multilane section south of 85th St Analyzed intersection: planned configuration (CIP 11) 	

Table 6: PCN 01V7 Local Crossroad Corridor Intersection Termini (Southeastern Avenue and Sycamore Avenue)

Local Crossroad Corridor		2050 Intersection LOS		Intersection Part of Veterans Parkway	Next steps, timeline, and notes for addressing long		
Corridor	Intersecting Road	Corridor Terminus	АМ	РМ	Local Arterial Improvement?	Project or Study & Year(s)	Not
	69 th Street	North	D	D	No	No project or study identified	 <u>Existing Conditions</u> Roundabout with single circulatory lane and dual Roundabout is ready to receive a multilane section <u>Future Conditions</u> Sioux Falls TDM shows significant volume growt Intersection will be addressed if or when the nee factors that need to align before an operational need to align before an operationaling to align before an operatoperad need to align before an o
Southeastern Avenue	85 th Street	South	С	В	No	No project or study identified	Existing Conditions • Gravel road intersection in rural area City of Sioux Falls Growth Management Plan (Tier M • Tier 2 growth area (6-15 years, based on sanitar • Southeastern Ave roadway improvements: Tier 2 • 85 th St roadway improvements: Tier 3 (16-25 years) Single-lane roundabout reflects 2021 Harrisburg North Existing gravel roads, rural area, and Tier 2 growth the factors need to align before a need is established at the Analyzed intersection: single-lane roundabout with we determine configuration)

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lotes

lual YIELD approach lanes action from the south

owth on Southeastern Ave and Sycamore Ave need arises as there are several long-range, outside al need is established to modify the intersection

out with signalized intersection (future study to

<u>r Map)</u> itary availability) er 2 (6-15 years) years)

North High School TIS recommendation

h timeline will limit traffic demand (several outside at this intersection)

h westbound YIELD right turn lane (future study to

Table 7: PCN 01V7 Local Crossroad Corridor Intersection Termini (Sycamore Avenue)

Local	Local Crossroad Corridor)50 tion LOS	Intersection Part of Veterans Parkway	Next steps, timeline, and notes for addressing long		
Corridor	Intersecting Road	Corridor Terminus	АМ	РМ	Local Arterial Improvement?	Project or Study & Year(s)	Not	
Sycamore Avenue	69 th Street	North	С	С	No	No project or study identified	 Existing Conditions Intersection physical area, Sycamore Ave to norf (to the ¼-mile point) with a 2-lane rural section Developing area to north and west City of Sioux Falls Tier Map Planned growth area surrounding intersection; T intersection (16-25 years, based on sanitary ava Sycamore Ave and 69th St improvements: Tier 2 Utility serviceable area is limited (Tier 3) to the south However, roadway continuity and being along the south intersection, coupled with the planned City of Sio provide paved road east/west connectivity for the area Analyzed intersection: potential long-range build-out determine configuration) 	
	85 th Street	South	A	A	No	No project or study identified	 <u>Existing Conditions</u> Gravel road intersection in rural area Sycamore Ave gravel road extends south of 69th <u>City of Sioux Falls Growth Management Plan (Tier M</u> Tier 3 growth area (16-25 years, based on sanita Southeastern Ave roadway improvements: Tier 2 85th St roadway improvements: Tier 3 (16-25 years) Existing gravel roads, rural area, and Tier 3 growth ti factors need to align before a need is established at a <i>Analyzed intersection: single-lane roundabout (future</i>) 	

ong-range intersection needs otes orth, 69th St, and 69th St to the east to west is paved ; Tier 3 growth area immediately to south and east of vailability) ⁻ 2 (6-15 years) th and east of intersection will limit traffic demand. southern edge of existing and planned development paving of 69th Street and Sycamore Avenue through Sioux Falls Veterans Parkway CIP projects, will area until the build-out is needed. ut with signalized intersection (future study to 9th St into Lincoln County <u>Map)</u> itary availability) ² (6-15 years) ears) timeline will limit traffic demand (several outside t this intersection) re study to determine configuration)

Table 8: PCN 01VA Local Crossroad Corridor Intersection Termini (69th Street and SD11)

Local Crossroad Corridor		2050 Intersection LOS		Intersection Part of Veterans Parkway	Next steps, timeline, and notes for addressing long		
Corridor	Intersecting Road	Corridor Terminus	АМ	РМ	Local Arterial Improvement?	Project or Study & Year(s)	Not
85th Street	SD11	South	В	С	No	<u>Study</u> Northern Lincoln County Corridor Study 2022-2023	 Existing Conditions Future development will drive reconstruction nee 69th St and 271st St (CR106) provide ample east- City of Sioux Falls Tier Map Tier 3 growth area (16-25 years, based on sanita SD11 improvements: Tier 2 (6-15 years) 85th St roadway improvements: Tier 3 (16-25 years) 85th St roadway improvements: Tier 3 (16-25 years) Intersection operations meet LOS goals with sep eastbound/westbound approaches and maintaini Paved roadway surfacing likely needed before che Existing 85th St gravel road, rural area, and Tier 3 growth analyzed intersection: TWSC from east/west approace (LT, T/RT) (Northern Lincoln County Corridor Study of the set of th
69 th Street	Sycamore Avenue	North	с	с	No	No project or study identified	See Table 7 for more information on the 69 th St & Sy

ong-range intersection needs

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roaches; east/west approaches split out left turn lanes dy will determine future configuration)

Sycamore Ave intersection





Appendix A: Methods and Assumptions Document



Appendix B: 2050 Planning Horizon Synchro and HCS Output



Appendix C: 2026 First Year of Construction Synchro and HCS Output